

Results Of Research On Atmospheric Sciences

Gangadhara Rao Irlapati

H.No.5-30-4/1, Saibaba Nagar, Jeedimetla, Hyderabad – 500 055, Telangana State, INDIA

Email ID: scientistgangadhar@gmail.com

Abstract: Prepare the Indian Monsoon Time Scale having 365 horizontal days from March 21st to next year March 20th of a required period comprising of a large time and weather have been taken and framed into a square graphic scale. The main weather events if any of the country have been entering on the scale as per date and month of the each and every year. If we have been managing the scale of a country in this manner continuously, we can study the past, present and future movements of monsoon of a country. We can make separate monsoon time scales per each and every individual country.

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Keywords: Indian Monsoon Time Scale; horizontal days; square graphic scale; country.

Introduction:

The Indian Monsoon Time Scale – a Chronological sequence of events arranged in between time and weather with the help of a scale for studying the past's, present and future movements of monsoon of a country and its relationship with rainfall and other weather problem and natural calamities.

Prepare the Indian Monsoon Time Scale having 365 horizontal days from March 21st to next year March 20th of a required period comprising of a large time and weather have been taken and framed into a square graphic scale. The main weather events if any of the country have been entering on the scale as per date and month of the each and every year. If we have been managing the scale of a country in this manner continuously, we can study the past, present and future movements of monsoon of a country. We can make separate monsoon time scales per each and every individual country.

Indian Monsoon Time Scale: For example, I have prepared the monsoon time scale for India by preparing the scale having 365 horizontal days from 1st April to next year March 31st of 128 years from 1888 to 2016 of the required period comprising of large time and weather have been taken and framed into a square graphic scale. The monsoon pulses in the form of low pressure systems over the Indian region have been entering on the scale in stages by 1 for low, 2 for depression, 3 for storm, 4 for severe storm and 5 for severe storm with core of hurricane winds pertaining to the date and month of the each and every year. If we have been managing the scale in this manner continuously, we can study the past' present's and future's of the India Monsoon and its relationship with rainfall and other weather problems & natural calamities in India.

Analysis:

The India Monsoon Time Scale reveals many secrets of the Indian monsoon and its relationship with rainfall & other weather problems and natural calamities. For example, some bands, clusters and paths of low pressure systems along with the main paths of the Indian Monsoon (South-west monsoon and north-east monsoon) clearly seen in the map of the Indian monsoon it have been some cut-edged paths passing through its systematic zigzag cycles in ascending and descending orders which causes heavy rains & floods in some years and droughts & famines in another years according to their travel. For example, during 1871-1990's, the main path of the Indian Monsoon was rising over June, July, August and creating heavy rains and floods in most years. During 1900-1920's, it was raising over August, September and resulting good rainfall in more years. During 1965-2004's it was falling over September and causing low rainfall and droughts in many years. At present it is rising upwards over June, July, August, September and will be resulting heavy rains & floods in coming years during 2004-2060. The tracking date of main path & other various paths such as south-west monsoon and north-east monsoon etc., of the Indian Monsoon denotes the onset of the monsoon, monsoon pulses or low pressure systems. And also we can find out many more secrets of the Indian monsoon such as droughts, famines, cyclones, heavy rains, floods, real images of the Indian monsoon, and onset & withdrawals of south west monsoon and north-east monsoon etc. by keen study of the Indian Monsoon Time Scale.

Principle:

This is an Astrogeophysical/Astrometeorological phenomenon of effects of astronomical bodies and forces on the earth's geophysical atmosphere. The cause is unknown however the year to year change of movement of axis of the earth inclined at 23½ degrees

from vertical to its path around the sun does play a significant role in formation of clusters, bands & paths of the Indian Monsoon and stimulates the Indian weather. The inter-tropical convergence zone at the equator follows the movement of the sun and shifts north of the equator merges with the heat low pressure zone created by the rising heat of the sub-continent due to direct and converging rays of the summer sun on the India Sub-Continent and develops into the monsoon trough and maintain monsoon circulation.

Conclusions:

We can make many more modifications thus bringing many more developments in the Indian Monsoon Time Scale. We can also make many more changes and development in the monsoon time scales and make separate monsoon time scales in name of each and every country of the world in accordance with the weather circumstances of the countries.

Indian Weather Time Scales: I have conducted many extensive researches on the astronomical forces and its effects on the earth climate particularly on various regions of the India. The variations in the solar cycle affects and stimulate the earth climate. The moon affects and stimulate the ocean tides and atmosphere too. The movement of axis of the earth inclined at $23 \frac{1}{2}$ degrees from vertical to its path around the sun affects and stimulate the earth weather and leads to formation of monsoons and seasons etc. So the astronomical forces affect and stimulate the earth climate it may be more or less but it is true. These scales may be taken as a part of scientific study of astronomical forces & its effects on the earth climate.

In the time and scale of the universe some things from astronomy to atom including living beings have been repeating once in every certain time or period. For example, the south and north magnetic poles have been shifting in every certain period. The sun spots have been repeating once in every eleven years. The lunar and solar eclipses have also been occurring once in every 18.6 years. The seasons such as winter, autumn etc. also have been repeating once in every year in the same month of the year. The periodical menses in the females repeating once in every month.

On the basis of the said universal facts, I have prepared a time scale with 21 blocks, each block containing certain prescribed cycle of years in which similar calendar years repeating one after another that leads similar weather conditions of those previous years to future years likely repeating every year approximately. The rainfall of the years, have been entering in the scale in percentages or as it is pertaining to month, season, annual wise of the each and every year. If we managing the scale in this manner continuously, we may assuming the weather conditions of the anterior years on the basis of the

posterior years weather. On the basis of the principle, we can assume that a considerable, of course it may be little chance of predication for an ensuing years by study the data of earlier years.

I have prepared a model Indian weather time scale along with hundreds of additional scales (1617 scales, 12 months, 4 seasons, 50 regions & 150 above years were studied) in which all weather conditions such as rainfall, temperature, cyclones, river water etc of all homogeneous regions sub-divisions of India were studied and analyzed elaborately.

Studies Carried Out :

Firstly, see the Indian weather forecasting study model time scale. In this scale, the June, July, August and September months of the summer monsoon season were taken in a table in which the each month is also divided into three parts the Telangana, Rayalaseema and Coastal Andhra regions. The monthly wise rainfall data of the months of the regions from 1870 to till available years are taken in the form of percentages or as it is and entering in the scale pertaining to the region wise of the each and every year. If we managing the scale in this manner continuously, we may assuming the weather conditions of the anterior years on the basis of the posterior years weather.

Example for assuming the dry season or suppose to predict the rainfall situation in the summer season of the ensuing year 2019: study the 7th cycle in which wet conditions in 10 years and dry conditions in 14 years were occurred in the month of June : wet conditions in 2 years and dry conditions in 22 years were occurred in the month of July: wet conditions in 4 years and dry conditions in 20 years were occurred in the month of August and wet conditions in 8 years and dry conditions in 16 years were occurred in the month of September. On the whole, wet conditions in 24 times and dry conditions in 72 times repeated in the summer monsoon season of the 7th cycle (As a result, there were dry conditions occurred in the 2002 year also). Therefore it is a considerable chance to predict that a dry season will be repeated in the ensuing year of 2019.

Example for assuming the wet season or suppose to predict the rainfall situation in the summer season of the ensuing year 2022: study the 10th cycle in which wet conditions in 13 years and dry conditions in 8 years were occurred in the month of June: wet conditions in 13 years and dry conditions in 8 years were occurred in the month of July: wet conditions in 9 years and dry conditions in 12 years were occurred in the month of August and wet conditions in 19 years and dry conditions in 2 years were occurred in the month of September. On the whole, wet conditions in 54 times and dry conditions 30 times were repeated in the summer monsoon season of the 10th cycle. As a result, there were wet conditions occurred in the 2005

years also. Therefore, it is a considerable chance to predict that a wet season will be occurred in the ensuing year of 2022.

In the same manner, we can study the remaining all Indian weather time scales of all Indian Homogeneous regions and subdivisions, states and districts of India.

We can make many more modifications thus bringing many more developments in the Indian weather time scale and its all additional Indian weather time scale.

Liposcope: I first started the researches in 1963-65 @ 5 to 7 years age with little instruments such as papers and pencils, water drop etc. and invented the light spot scope (Liposcope). Liposcope is a simple but wonderful instrument which functions with a natural doctrine hidden secretly in the function of the eye which can help to find out some inventions and discoveries like biolumicells, bioforecast effect etc, Liposcope is my first invention.

Construction: Take one small glass/steel ball or water drop on an object and stand in sun the light. Expose the ball/drop to the sun rays. As a result of the sun rays, there will be a light spot in the drop/ball. Place the light spot closely to the eye. The light spot appears many times bigger as a circular screen. The appearance in the screen of light spot is the surface of the eyeball. This can be proved by moving eyelids, the movement of eyelids, eye water and some bioluminescent particles on the eyeball can be observed in the screen of light spot.

Principle: The principle of the liposcope is that the eye lens changes its focal length from a minimum distance to the object at infinity and can see the object. If the distance decreases below minimum, the clarity of vision decreases. At this position, the eye lens acts as a simple microscope and form virtual images of all objects in front of it. We can see them on the screen of light spot if place just inside its minimum distance.

I have discovered the biolumicells (Bioluminescentmicells) on the eyeball in 1964 in the Liposcope experiments. These particles are a part and parcel of the human body, may be released within the human body and secreting to the eyeball through the eye water. This is my second invention.

In the lipscope observations we can see three types of bioumicells on the eyeball the first one is the most bright and active and it is seen rarely on the eyeball and this biolumicell is has high velocity, mechanical energy, spin around itself it. The second one has normal bright seen normally on the eyeball and the third and last one is bright less, it is seen frequently on the eyeball.

Looking the screen of light spot and move the eyelids. We can see some biolmicells on the eyeball. After finding a number of biolumicells all at once in

cloud or group, you must count them without eyelid movement. Firstly, observe with one eye two or three times. Later on another eye. As we examine one after another with both eyes, we have to take into account the greatest number of particles.

Analyze the data and make a table with the particulars-date of observation, time of observation, number of particles and weather report. Firstly we must put the date, next the time of observation, then the number of particles available in the observation. Do the observations three or four times daily in the morning & evening and record the number. At last, record the weather report of the country on the same day. If we do our observations and analyze in that manner, we can notice that there is a relation between the differences in particles number in the table and the changes in the weather after about 18 days. If the particles number is minimum the weather after 18 days will be normal. On the other hand if the particles number is at maximum there will be a change in the weather after 18 days.

Principle: The cause is unknown however it can understand that generally biolumicells secrete in less or minimum levels at normal weather conditions, but over the formation of low pressure weather conditions, biolumicells begin to secrete at maximum levels due to a fall in weather pressure on the human body.

Great Prediction: The important prediction of the bioforecast effect was proved in 1991. In 1991, the Andhra Pradesh state council of science & Technology, The Andhra Pradesh Remote Sensing Applications Centre and the Andhra Pradesh Science Centre were conducted experiments on the relationship between the biosphere and atmosphere (explore the inter-connection of earths geomagnetic field with natural calamities and their effect on human impulse). In these observations, the maximum level of the biolumicells were recorded between 7th to 11th of April, 1991. It is the sign of the ensuring cyclone of the 28th April 1991. The three directors of the said institutions were met in the Andhra Pradesh state Council of Sciences & Technology on 9TH, April 1991 and discussed about the prediction. As predicted on 9th April 1991, in the meeting a severe cyclone was formed in Bay of Bengal and struct the Bangladesh on 28th April 1991. As a result, thousands of people were killed and crores of rupees property was damaged. This is the great prediction by the bioforecast and the remaining predictions were weak.

Conclusion:

We can make many more changes thus bringing many more changes in the bioforecasting scale.

Note:

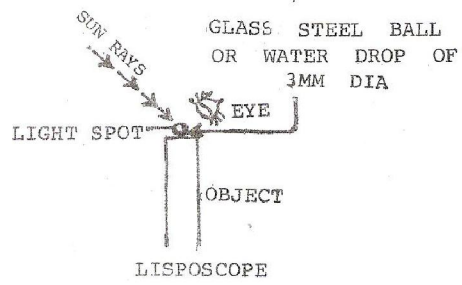
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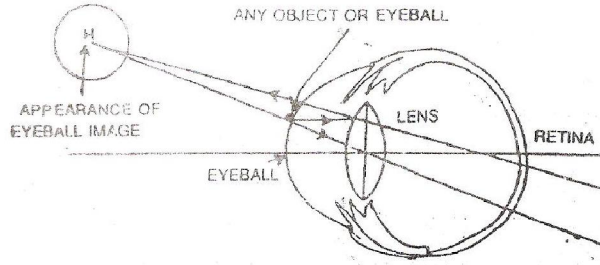
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Appendices: (Bio Forecast)**Analysis Of Data Of Bio Forecast**

Date of Experiment	Number of Biolumicells	Actual Weather
1-May-1991	8	
2-May-1991	14	
3-May-1991	19	
4-May-1991	20	
5-May-1991	28	
6-May-1991	22	
7-May-1991	50	
8-May-1991	65	
9-May-1991	83	
10-May-1991	89	
11-May-1991	72	
12-May-1991	40	
13-May-1991	30	
14-May-1991	14	
15-May-1991	11	
16-May-1991	6	
17-May-1991	12	
18-May-1991	3	
19-May-1991	10	
20-May-1991	8	
21-May-1991	16	
22-May-1991	9	
23-May-1991	12	
24-May-1991	5	
25-May-1991	6	Low
26-May-1991	10	Low
27-May-1991	19	Depression
28-May-1991	8	Cyclone
29-May-1991	3	Cyclone
30-May-1991	11	Depression
31-May-1991	9	Depression



LIGHT SPOT APPEARS AS A SCREEN



ACTIVE BRIGHT PARTICLE



BRIGHT PARTICLE



BRIGHTLESS PARTICLE

APCOSTPhone : 38587
Grams : APCOST**ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**(CONSTITUTED BY GOVT. OF A. P.)
10-2-289/16, 1st MAIN ROAD, SANTINAGAR, HYDERABAD-500 028.PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEMBER-SECRETARY, A.P. STATE COUNCIL OF
SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY: HYDERABAD.

PRESENT: SRI G.VEERACHANDRA RAO.

Proc.No.ADMN/RESEARCH/231/91.Dated:25-06-91.Sub:- APCOST - Minutes of Evaluation Committee
on 9-4-91.Ref:- Application of Sri I. Gangadhara Rao,
Date:7-5-91 .

-:-:-

ORDER:

In pursuance of the decision taken in the meeting of the Member- Secretary, APCOST, held with the Director, BRAC and the Director, A.P.Science Centre on 9-4-91 in his Chamber, an amount of Rs.150/- per month is sanctioned towards assistance to Sri. I.Gangadhar Rao to supply daily data of his work on measurement of Circular Rind Structures reflected on the Mirror Ball to further explore the inter-connection of Earths Geo-Magnetic field with Natural ~~Dis~~Calamities and their effect on human impulse. This assistance will be paid for April, May & June 1991.

Sd/- G.VEERACHANDRA RAO.
MEMBER- SECRETARY.

//t.c.f.b.o//


ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

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BNR

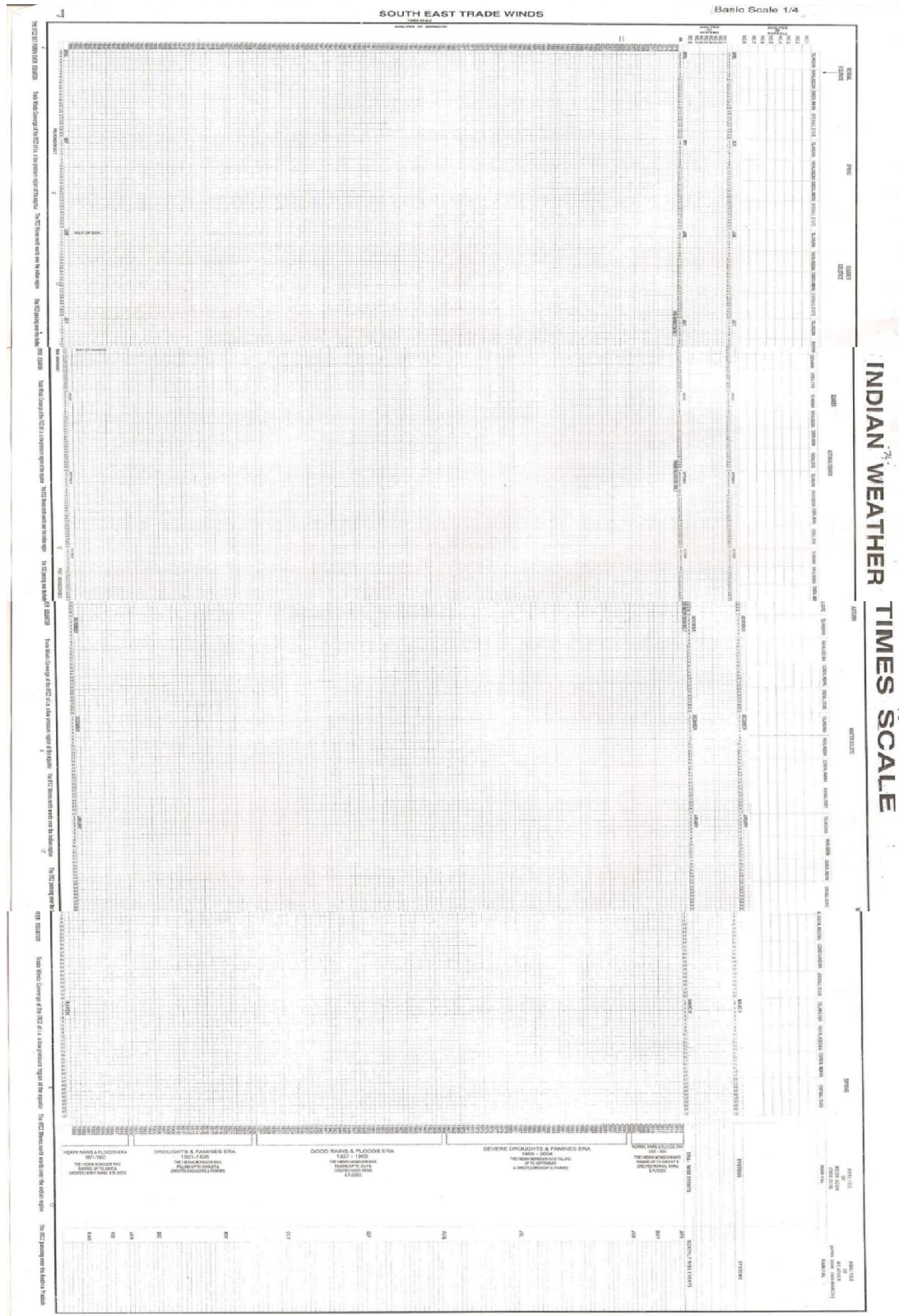
Appendices: (Indian Weather Time Scale)

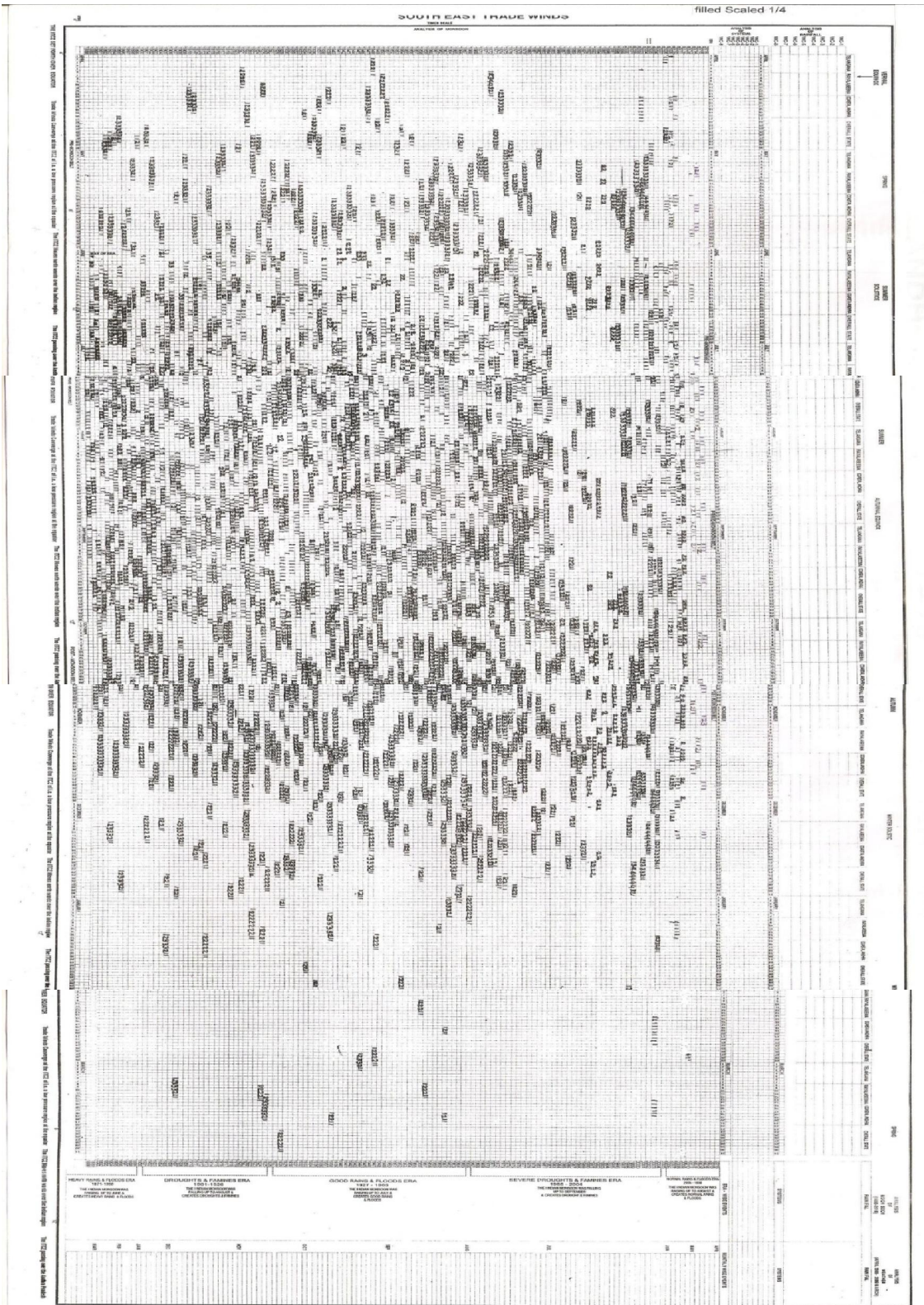
	2020	June			July			August			SEPTEMBER			OVERALL SEASON			REMARKS
		T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	
1	1992	77.18	-9.5	-54.0	-39.2	+5	-15.8	+4.70	-11.2	-10.8	-35.2	-19.1	-26	-1	-12	-6	
	1964	-31.6	+21.3	-15.0	-36.6	+108	-13.4	799.5	-17.8	-11.8	+1503	+139	+95.4	+17	+16	+44	
	1936	+31.7	-9.16	-13.0	-14.1	-35.3	-7.00	-12.5	-65.7	-32.3	+7.82	+21.2	-39.2	-3	-29	-5	
	1908	-32.3	-62.9	+69.9	+5.8	-29.4	-50.9	-9.13	-57.2	-25.2	+10.8	+84.9	+48.4	+38	-9	-2	
	1880	+21.5	+15.2	-99	-24.0	-50.2	-46	-60.7	+2.63	-99.4	+56.2	+19.7	-51	-11	-18	-30	
2	2017																
	1995	-1.01	-11.5	-36.2	-13.6	+6.5	-20.9	-46.7	-20	-23.0	-71.7	-17.3	-49.3	-33.5	-27.1	-16.3	
	1978	-78.2	-7.7	+26.2	-1.17	+57.5	+6.9	+47.0	-13.1	+31.7	+169.0	+100	+8.0	+50	+37	+55	
	1961	+34.0	+27.8	+70.9	-37.9	+32.9	-24.3	-8.35	-4.9	+13.3	+20.0	-49.6	-6.1	+12	+1	+30	
	1939	-38.0	-20.5	-38.2	-44.6	-34.6	-42.3	-27.5	+13.9	7398	-3.95	+81.7	-13.5	-28	-12	-23	
	1922	-12.3	-50.4	-90.2	-27.6	-516	-31	-36.8	-30.3	-42.0	+22.6	-1.2	-48.3	-18	-29	-15	
	1905	-17.6	+8.61	-29.3	-64.4	-62.2	-72.7	+16.8	+103	-10.5	734.8	-58.1	-6.5	-5	-4	-18	
	1883	+60	+23.3	-25.1	-8.24	-23.5	-55.1	+32.2	+36.4	-10.6	+85.1	-32.1	-56.6	+31	-4	-21	
3	2024																
	1996	+13.5	+29.4	+13.7	-32.4	-21.4	-17.3	+21.1	+96.6	-9.8	-4.49	+51.2	+19.3	-3.6	+63.1	+46	
	1968	-330	-28.3	-38.7	-28.0	-39.4	-38.4	-82.5	-34.2	-99.4	+1.007	+55.6	-26.6	-20	-18	-39	
	1940	-19.8	+24.3	-2.0	+9.24	-159	-34.0	-89.9	-33.9	-18.4	-26.2	+35.0	-21.5	-5	-5	-3	
	1912	-61.1	-53.3	-74.3	+12.5	-20	-5.6	-11.8	+20.0	+15.3	-12.1	+41.4	20.3	-15	+1	+10	
	1884	-38.8	-53.7	-69.4	+40.7	-43.1	-33.7	-23.1	-25.0	-15.3	+65.6	-30.9	+8.1	+12	-48	-1	
4	1999	-24.2	-25.8	-13.9	-23.5	-30.1	-46.8	-2.28	+7.8	-40.9	+25.8	-24.0	-18.4	-9.1	-20	-15.9	
	1982	+5.15	+59.3	-34.4	+27.6	+0.5	-24.1	-28.6	-66.3	-40.9	+12.4	+17.0	-27.0	+1	-5	+13	
	1965	-51.1	+40.2	-36.6	-44.5	-23.3	-24.2	-27.0	+2.08	-9.7	+80.8	-7.04	22.0	+10	+3	+3	
	1943	+13.5	-54.8	-20.8	-31.4	-30.9	-35.8	-50.5	-9.5	+27.8	+99.1	+1.76	-14.9	-5	-20	-20	
	1926	-69.7	+32.3	+298.6	-10.8	-33.5	+1.8	-19.4	-31.4	-36.5	-18.6	-36.7	-5.3	-25	-2	-1	
	1909	-6.87	-45.4	-32.6	+0.71	-45.4	-22.4	-35.9	+2.06	-4.5	+1.24	+26	+4.3	-12	+44	+7	
	1887	+20.1	+165	+2.4	-23.5	+5.41	-32.6	783.3	+133.1	+506	+148.0	+16	+31.9	+49	+62	+40	
	1870		+11.5	-64.1		-89.5	-42.4		+50.6	-22.8		-58.1	+25.5	-29	+25	-7	
5	2000	+56.9	+75.4	+47.8	-22.9	-7.8	-34.8	+66.5	+145	764.9	-57.0	-25.1	-57.9	+11	+39	+23	
	1972	70.93	+39.5	-77.6	-42.6	-67.6	-49.6	-58.4	-85.1	+29.9	-37.2	+39.9	+446.6	-1	-24	-34	
	1944	-17.7	+99.9	-0.2	-1.96	+5.6	-17.4	-310	+33.8	-35.4	+74.8	-1.92	-10.9	-39	+15	-2	
	1916	+42.2	-36.5	-2.4	+9.79	+12	+36	-24.3	+17.9	-11.5	+92.0	+54.0	-38.4	+19	+45	+18	
	1888	-18.3	-55.3	-56.2	-4.76	-53.2	-32.5	-43.6	-42.2	-57.4	-49.3	+72	-57.6	-28	-14	-39	
6	2018																
	2001	714.4	-61.8	-13.4	-6.5	-44.4	-52.0	-53.8	-22.4	-94.3	-28.4	+10.9	+15.1	-25.1	+2.1	-1.2	
	1979	-18.7	-26.9	-23.0	-530	-40.4	-60.9	-50.4	-578	-64.2	+99.3	+37.8	+12.1	-8	-20	-21	
	1962	-48.5	+54.0	-36.1	-24.9	-47.1	+2.5	-27.6	+6.1	-10.5	+103	+4.4	+58.9	+14	-11	+30	
	1945	+17.1	-58.3	-67.7	+14.2	+112	-6.7	-2.23	+17.7	-26.6	+18.9	-15.6	+6.3	+8	+15	-1	
	1923	-80.1	-11.2	-75.5	+3.97	-53.4	-57.5	-54.2	-80.7	-99.4	+73.8	+33.5	-99.3	-17	-29	-13	
	1906	+95.6	+57.6	+180.6	-10.7	+18.0	-34.9	-3.33	+13.8	+10.9	+34.8	+47.4	-45.6	+10	+29	+18	
	1889	-16.6	-25.8	+50.1	+2.55	+43.6	-27.4	+24.0	+28.8	-33.2	+76.8	+17.8	+45.2	+18	-34	+23	
7	2019																
	2002	-23.0	+16.5	+478	-70.2	-50.1	-69.6	+5.43	-44.2	+64.9	-56.4	-23.4	57.9	-37.1	-31.5	-35.1	
	1985	+19.3	-21.8	-4.6	-15.4	-85.6	-6.8	-44.5	-18.3	-24.8	-39.2	-62.0	-44.1	-23	-20	-4	
	1963	-24.0	-7.7	-36.3	-43.0	+4.5	-22.2	-25.0	+60.6	-7.2	-27.1	-35.4	-4.3	+11	+2	-3	
	1946	+270	-31.6	-22.0	+5.69	-39.7	-9.8	-18.3	-16.6	-30.5	-47.4	+6.4	-16.1	-8	-20	-15	
	1929	-31.6	-20.2	+46.2	-56.6	-44.5	-65.4	-39.9	-69.5	-22.5	+79.3	+58.1	-4.1	-18	-12	-3	
	1907	222	-19.7	+48.8	-42.6	-19.7	-35.1	?	-74.6	-53.6	-18.4	-1.2	-64.4	-8	-28	-19	
	1890	+1.86	+84.1	+2.3	-7.57	-11.6	-39.7	-25.0	+9.21	-50.7	+78.5	+38.5	-30.7	+10	+22	-15	
	1873	-13.5	-47.7	-48.2	-64.5	-53.2	-39.4	-31.5	-24.7	-16.7	+39.8	+25.6	-39.9	-27	-19	-20	

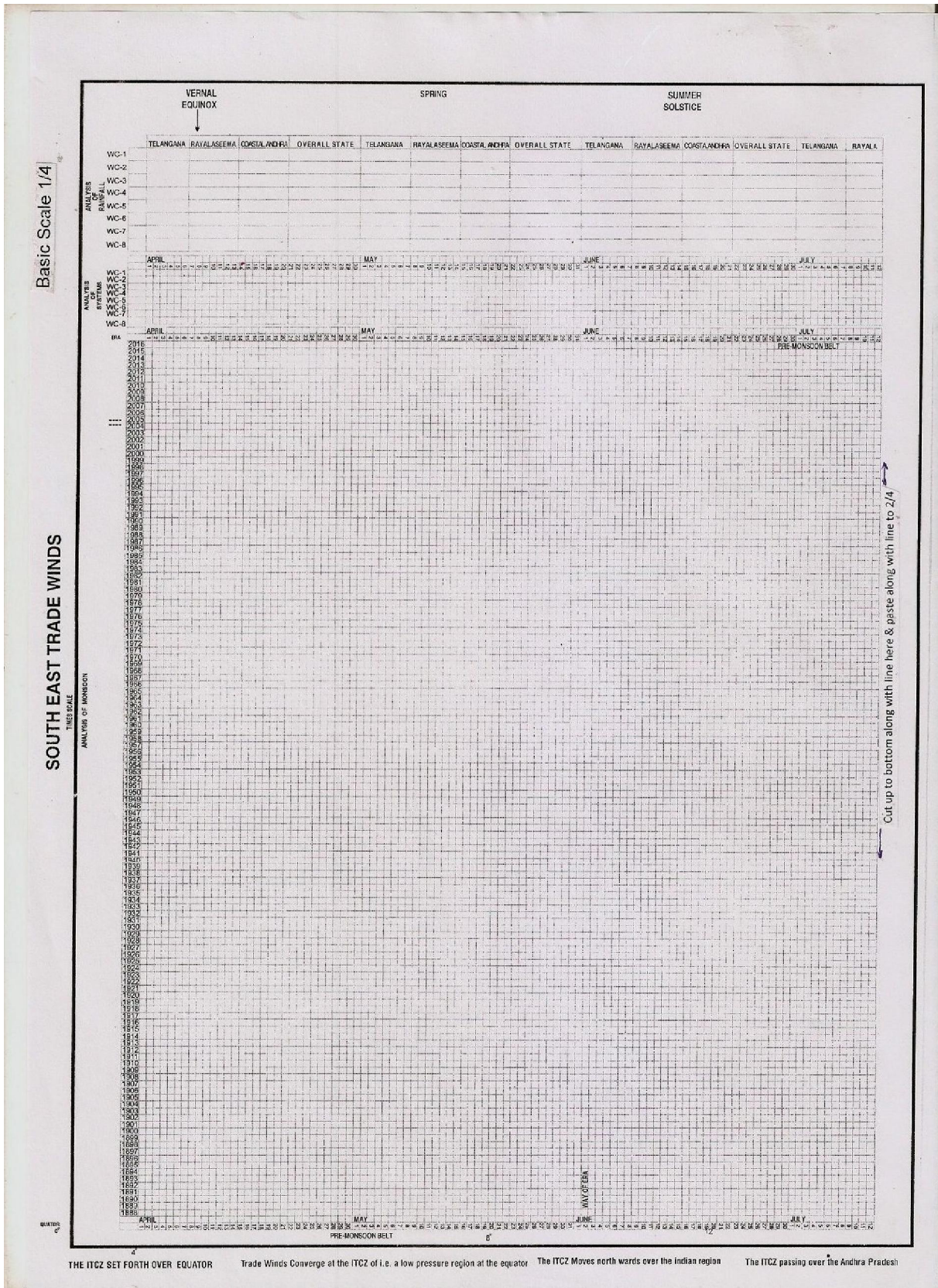
8	JUNE			JULY			AUGUST			SEPTEMBER			Oveson			REMARKS
	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	
2025																
2003	+11.3	-14.8	-21.6	-7.57	+22.3	-0.9	77.85	-6.2	-28.8	-1.96	-20.1	-13.2	-8.2	8	+3.2	
1986	79.92	+5.6	-19.6	-21.4	-28.4	+52.9	+47.3	-54.8	+31.1	-34.3	+20.3	-43.6	-1	-5	-3	
1969	+6.09	+11.3	-37.4	77.99	+11.0	-5.0	-26.4	+53.5	-57.1	-78.9	-73.9	-20.6	+9	+44	-22	
1947	-56.9	-16	-46.5	-29.3	+25.6	-3.5	-25.0	+85.6	-7.2	764.9	70.8	+28.8	+35	-3	+19	
1930	740.5	+42.7	+39.8	-46.6	-61.0	-44.4	-41.8	-62.7	-48.7	+41.0	+35.1	-17.6	-17	-39	-8	
1913	-32.1	-66.5	-13.3	+25.3	-18.9	-9.7	-48.6	-69.7	-63.8	-3.9	-3.52	-33	-18	+74	-17	
1874	-45.9	+39.5	+7.3	-4.1	+50.6	-13.4	-43.8	-58.1	-59.8	+15	+252.0	+32.3	-2	-12	+14	
9																
2004																
1976	-30.7	-2.6	-63.3	+77.3	-23.9	+24.8	+2.73	+83.1	+17.4	20	-54.4	-52.3	+18	2	+7	
1948	-69.0	-48.1	-61.5	-45.8	-35.6	-26.6	-58.7	-15.6	-48.9	+66.3	-19.3	-6.1	-10	-30	-19	
1920	-39.6	-39.5	-42.8	-40.6	-71.8	-99.4	+55.5	-36.6	-47.4	-22.7	+24.3	-35.6	66	-30	-38	
1892	+20.1	+16.5	+2.4	-23.5	+5.41	-32.6	783.3	+133.1	+50.6	+148.0	+16	+31.9	+49	+62	+40	
10																
2005																
1983	+7.42	+17.6	+19.8	+2.92	-88.9	+7.0	+85.1	+77.8	+22.4	+127	+160	+39.6	+51	+65	+50	
1960	-29.2	+5.97	-12.1	-39.3	+23.1	-17.2	-67.6	-88.5	-59.9	7105.2	+167	+60.4	-9	+29	+12	
1949	-26.3	+51.6	-8.4	-24.4	+13.7	+3.1	-11.9	+29.5	+8.9	+106.1	+109.0	+61.1	+5	+50	+47	
1927	+55.6	+25.9	+34.2	+4.10	+26.3	-23.5	-35.7	-46.0	-9.3	+7.67	+94.1	+16.4	+1	+24	+23	
1910	+81.6	-22.2	+20	-36.6	+76.6	+2.1	-34.1	+62.9	-17.8	+76.6	+55.2	+4.8	+10	+45	+22	
1893	+42.3	+53.4	-13.4	+10.5	+98.2	-55.1	+67.6	35	-10.6	+15.0	-8.96	-56.6	+45	+16	+19	
1871	-41.2	-59.5	+399.6	-44.5	+31.0	+65.6	-77.8	+6200	99.9	+65.4	+26.6	+714	-36	-7	-18	
11																
2006																
1989	+71.8	-47.9	-20.3	+72.1	+26.5	+80.2	+2.64	-79.6	-10.5	753.3	+59.8	-99.3	+43	+49	+42	
1867	+17.4	-25.4	-1.7	+51.5	+6.11	-0.4	-25.2	-72.2	-55	+28.3	+8	-16.7	+19	-10	+2	
1950	-51.7	-12.2	-40.7	-33.7	-20.8	-9.4	-67.6	-7.19	-59.9	+31.5	+11.3	+2.8	+1	-5	-9	
1933	+87.3	-76.1	-52.5	+116	-18.9	-6.9	-22.9	+80.3	-29.6	749.7	-48.4	-32.1	+11	-11	-5	
1911	+0.78	+3.47	-22.9	-36.6	-26.4	-22.2	-28.4	-59.8	-62.5	+1.00	-22	-13.5	-20	-32	-18	
1894	+7.8	-45.4	-8.2	+25.4	+15.3	-51.4	+14.6	78.6	-31.4	+3.0	-17.3	-0.06	+19	+11	-7	
1877	-43.2	+5.41	-70	-75.6	-65.4	-53.4	-58.5	-48.5	-56.3	+15.9	+7.20	+21.4	-39	-19	+21	
12																
2007																
1990	+48.6	-29.3	-9.3	-39.0	-45.2	-54.4	+49.2	-2.2	+6.1	+10	+32.3	-99.3	+11	+8	-2	
1973	+0.31	+0.5	-33.6	-9.41	-29.8	-48.7	+42.2	+15.4	-19.9	-40.0	+10.1	-31.5	+1	-8	-21	
1951	-17.0	-15.9	+3.1	-5.77	-7.8	+28.6	-405	-62.2	-26.4	-0.3	-33.6	-31.4	-10	-33	+11	
1934	-3.04	+25.6	-4.5	+22.8	+27.0	+5.9	+0.3	-68.0	-18.8	+11.5	-62.4	-40.4	+5	-30	-1	
1917	+43.9	+36.3	+87.7	+79.4	-38.8	-38.4	-17.2	+32.1	+3.2	+11.3	+22.0	+30	+25	+17	+38	
1895	-17.5	-44.5	-21.4	-7.9	+27.6	-17.4	-15.4	-27.6	-4.8	-60.3	+41.3	+25.5	+45	+2	+19	
13																
2008																
1980	+66.0	-17.6	+80	-34.3	-28.4	-11.6	-99.9	7017	-6.6	+2.48	-447	-37.1	+5	-25	+20	
1952	-50	+34	-37.8	-59.7	-45.3	-45.0	-60.4	-42.1	-51.0	-40.1	-63.6	-53.2	-30	-41	-39	
1924	-4.8.6	-58.8	-56.6	-36.1	-13.3	-45.2	-16.7	738.6	-32.8	+105.9	+81.4	+7.4	-7	-3	+8	
1896	-34.0	-32.3	-22.8	-18.7	-38.8	-29.3	+0.18	-21.8	-25.3	+08.2	-31.2	-16.5	-24	-32	6	
14																
2009																
1987	-31.1	-36.5	-53.8	-12.6	-6.2	-53.6	+0.63	+30	-20.9	-52.1	-18.0	-60.6	-18	-21	-33	
1970	775.9	-5.1	+41.5	-39.9	-2.8	-39.7	+63.4	+77.2	+9.0	+36.3	+83.0	+477.5	+25	+39	-5	
1953	-20.3	-26.5	+0.8	-56.1	+4.1	-40.1	-35.7	48.4	-20.4	714.6	+54.8	-10.3	+25	+10	-3	
1931	+50	-440	+768.9	+12.3	-2.70	-24.0	+38.0	26.0	+39.2	+14.3	-33.2	+12.8	+18	-11	-12	
1914	7159.0	-13.6	-7.9	+11.6	-23.1	-19.7	-6.43	+42.1	31.3	+67.9	+60.8	+44	+27	+20	+18	
1897	-34	-42.6	-57.2	+47.5	-9.47	-48.1	-34.6	+32.1	-26.5	+42.4	+12.8	+39.4	-1	+35	-2	
1875		+11.5	-64.1		-89.5	-47.4		+50.6	-22.8		+58.1	+25.5	-29	+25	-7	
15																
2010																
1993	-37.1	-45.1	-58.6	-17.1	+19.3	-36.9	-27.9	+43.4	-40.1	-2.40	+9.9	-1.8	-17.5	-12.8	-6.3	
1971	77.89	-31.3	-32.3	-61.3	-26.6	-57.4	-19.4	25.4	-24.6	-14.3	-46.7	+5.1	-29	-35	-10	
1954	-27.1	-54.6	-9.4	-30.0	+93.4	-4.8	-40.2	-17.3	-26.6	778.9	-52.8	739.9	+24	-10	+19	
1937	-50.8	+15.9	-89.6	+10.9	-0.48	-35.2	-43.5	+63.1	-31.4	+11.3	+86.7	+444.8	-18	-11	-28	
1915	+99.4	-39.0	+18.1	-15.2	+58.2	-24.4	-8.40	49.2	+24.4	-12.6	+58.3	-14.9	+10	+6	+21	
1898	-20	-37.2	+5.3	+47.8	-30.2	-18.1	-34.6	-42.1	-51.4	+42.4	+106.4	-8.5	+18	+3	-3	
1881	-18.9	+15.0	+41.2	-56.7	-78.3	-73.3	-34.2	+75.1	-123	+41.0	+12	+10.4	-36	+5	+4	
16																
2011																
1994	-29.0	-40	-55.7	-20.0	-88.9	-9.7	+6.71	-10.8	-37.2	-71.7	-71.3	-49.3	-23.5	-34.9	-21.4	
1977	70.93	+39.5	-17.6	-42.6	-67.6	-49.6	-58.4	-85.1	+22.9.9	-37.2	+39.9	+446.6	-39	-24	-34	
1955	-49.8	-48.3	-37.6	-55.5	+17.2	-39.2	-16.5	+94.7	+3.2	+29.2	+10.6	+1.0	+35	+20	+3	
1938	795.6	733.3	+25	715.8	-34.1	-36.1	+25.8	+13.9.8	77.7	+89.8	+81.7	762.2	+48	+58	-45	
1921	+44.2	-4.16	-39.8	-660	+75.5	+2	-47.2	+45.7	-30.7	+50.6	-23.2	+2.5	-1	-5	+13	
1899	-17.2	-85.4	-57.8	-74.7	-88.4	-68.4	-38.1	-37.7	-34.1	-10	+43.5	-22.9	-43	-36	-32	
1882	+20.1	+165	+2.4	-23.5	+5.41	-32.6	783.3	+133.1	+50.6	+148.0	+16	+31.9	+49	+62	+40	
17																
2012																
1984	-34.8	-56.1	-37.4	+0.50	+49.4	-15.2	-58.5	-84.1	-71.6	+24.6	-22	-37.8	-20	-30	-23	
1956	76.875	+21.8	+32.8	70.96	+80.9	+37.8	-30.7	-38.4	-14.3	+503.6	+38	+19.6	+24	+20	+40	
1928	+37.3	+21.8	-56.2	-21.5	-38.5	-20.2	-27.5	-17.4	-29.7	+102	-3.44	+9.5	+9	-5	-2	
1900	-10.9	-30.1	-47.8	+29.3	+48.5	-19.3	-38.7	-78.6	-63.6	+90.3	+53.8	+10.0	+10	-2	-12	
1872	-44.5	-13.8	-0.2	-29.9	-17.7	-18.1	-45.0	-99.1	-9.49	+44.4	+54.3	+16	-25	+4	+16	

	June			July			August			SEPTEMBER			OVERALL SEASON			REMARKS
	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	T	R	C	
18	2013															
	1991	+42.1	+17.7	+64.5	-11.9	-16.1	-30.2	-39.0	-17.8	-93.7	+1.31	-11.6	+32.7	-9.6	+14.7	+22.6
	1974	-26.6	-5.5	-14.3	-46.9	-12.2	-99.9	-22.6	-20.7	-37.2	+17.6	+10.3	+33.6	-24	+19	
	1957	-16.9	+19.5	+45.3	-49.0	-12.9	-30.4	-1.91	-26.6	+21.3	+12.4	-22.4	-12.1		+8	+24
	1935	-6.87	+43.4	-45.1	+11.5	+4.16	-30.6	-31.1	+138.8	+346.3	+51.0	-11.3	-21.8	+2	+35	-24
	1918	-93.3	-45.9	-16.8	-46.1	-56.3	-62.1	-57.0	-38.2	-40.5	+1.00	+18.1	-13.2	-40	-29	-20
	1901	-21.0	-6.25	-40.7	-11.5	-69.7	-43.8	-16.3	+10.4	-42.2	-44.0	+30.1	-28.9	-19	-29	-24
	1879	-8.51	+18.8	+3.2	-27.8	+48.1	-116.5	+31.4	-10.4	-99.4	+56.7	+19.7	-51	-9	-6	-16
19	2014															
	1997	-59.7	+7.9	-65.1	-40.2	-54.2	-37.2	-33.8	-40.7	-48.2	+10.6	+134	+109	-33.2	+14.1	+15
	1975	-15.4	-4.9	+53.8	+7.44	+48.3	-16.3	-10.9	-14.9	-28.5	+149	+31.6	+7.2	+21	+11	+20
	1958	-60.6	-19.5	-42.3	-10.1	-16.7	+22.7	-32.0	+105	-15.9	+13.0	-10.4	-12.7		+8	+10
	1941	+18.0	-47.0	+82.5	-67.5	+578	-70.2	-33.4	-48.3	2269	+37.2	+53.6	+1.2	-32	+8	-5
	1919	+26.6	+6.66	-20.1	-41.1	+57.3	-19.7	-55.7	-80.0	-49.2	+457	+10.7	-26	-32	+2	-15
	1902	+36.6	-27.6	-47.8	-48.6	-13.6	-35.5	-12.1	-55.7	-99.4	+26.3	-13.2	+15.1	-19	-17	+4
	1885	-20.7	+19.4	-4.2	-14.1	+11.8	-31.5	-47.8	-41.8	-67.3	+38.5	-25.4	+5.5	-18	-18	-10
20	2015															
	1998	71.32	-529	-34.5	-21.5	-58.6	29.8	+15.4	+20.2	+5.1	+49.0	+70.6	+56	-50.9	+37	+25.3
	1961	+36.3	-0.6	-26.9	+1.12	-5.9	+10.0	+7.12	-7.6	-28.9	+105.1	+61.2	+24.6	+26	+10	+25.3
	1959	-4.76	+76.3	+18.3	-11.5	+9.27	+20.5	-34.2	-165	-30.9	-99.9	+136	-28.8	+40	+10	+12
	1942	74.76	+42.7	-12.1	-7.78	-66.7	-47.9	+22.4	-13.1	-18.4	-44.5	-24.8	+34.2	-4	-20	-20
	1925	6.28	-47.2	+1.0	+2.38	-9.2	-10	-4.93	+19.1	+2.4	-0.54	-18.4	+386	-2	-14	+4
	1903	-25.7	-680	+22.6	+54.0	-46.8	+10.2	+34.8	+30.3	+8.0	+5904	+72	+7.0	+45	+39	+37
	1886	+60.9	+3.88	+25.1	+26.6	+69.4	-4.2	+40.6	+40.1	+55.3	-39.9	+9.04	-99.3	+24	+21	+38
21	2016															
	1888	-14.2	-57.0	-57.4	+10.7	+77.7	+33.6	-25.9	+12.7	+19.4	+136	+33.4	+37.4	+65	+50	+41
	1966	-54.9	+67.3	-32.8	715.4	+14.3	+32.3	-7.57	+0.5	+6.1	+61.3	+14.8	-27.2	+3	+20	+9
	1932	+13.2	-629	-13.1	73.97	-24.1	-13.7	+20.1	+22.0	-36.2	+52.6	-20.32	-32.4	+1	-10	-18
	1904	+15	-33.4	-42.5	-4.6	-22.1	-51.4	-69	-83.0	-38.0	+36.9	-39.6	-41.5	-24	-55	-30
	1876	-42.2	-20.8	-33.3	-34.7	73.6	-52.1	-31.8	-42.4	-99.9	-40.6	-71.1	-50.4	-38	-53	-19

Appendices: (Indian Monsoon Time Scale)

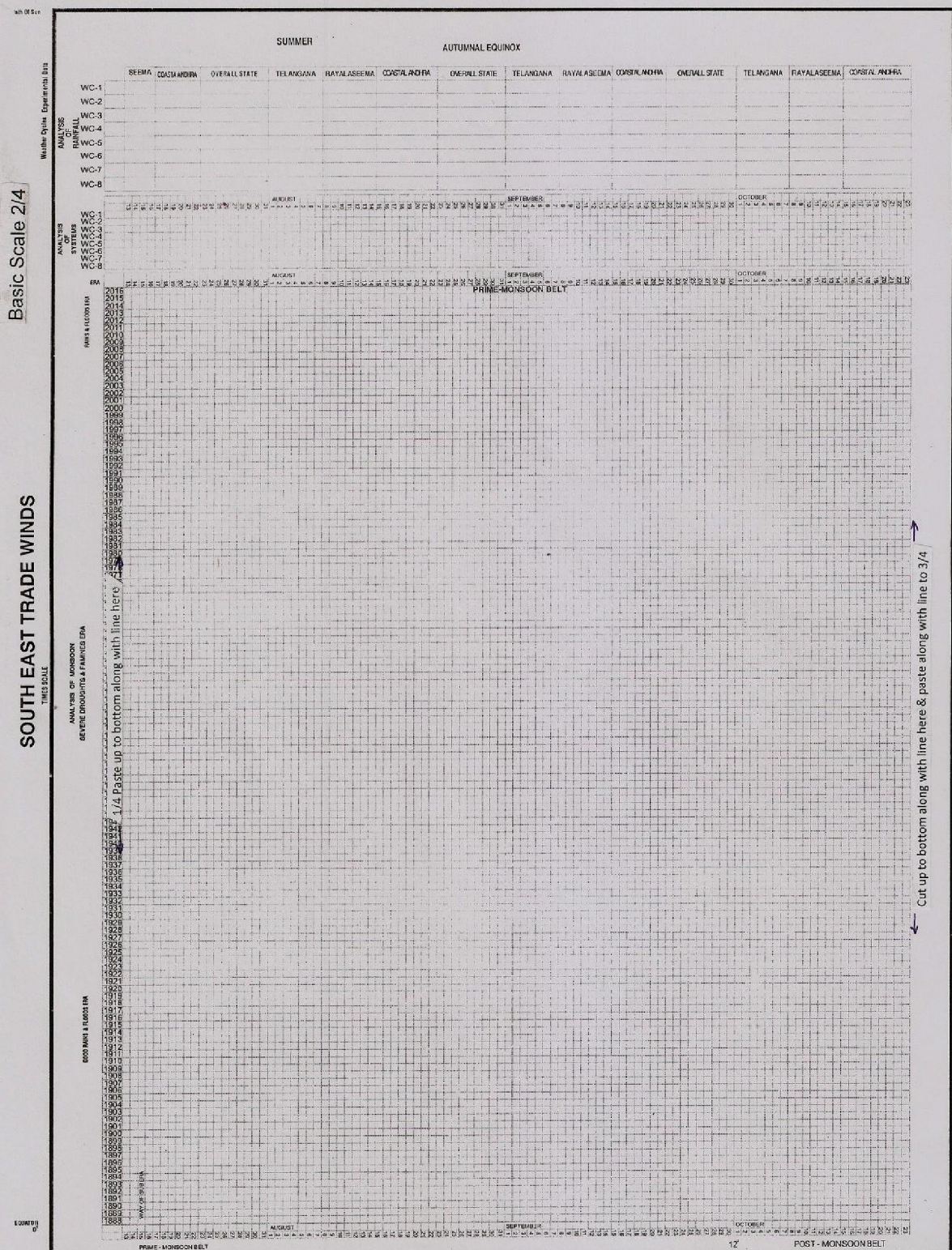






INDIAN WEATHER

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Basic Scale 2/4

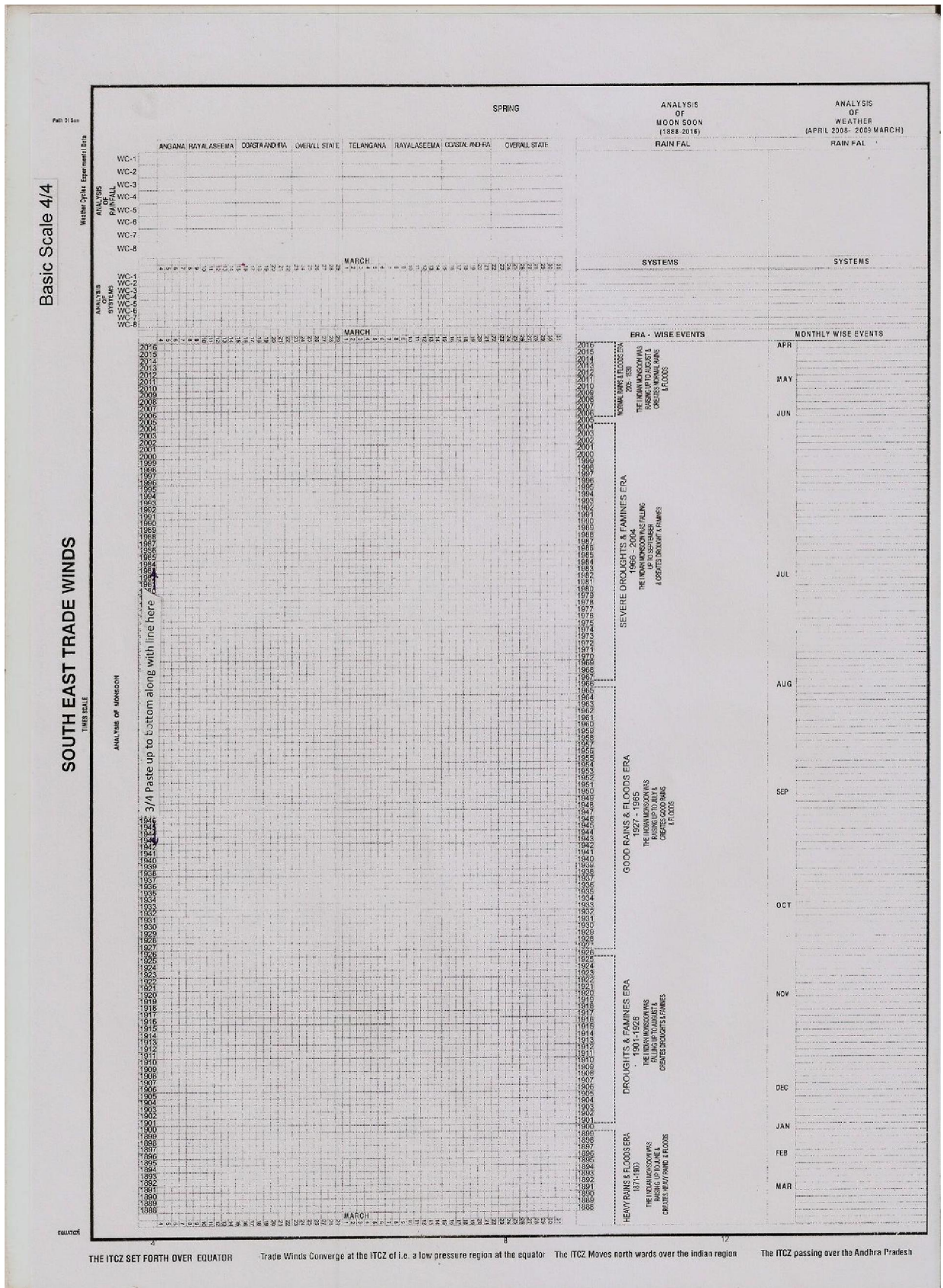
SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS
THIS SCALE

ANALYSIS OF MONSOON
GENERIC INSTRUMENTS AT RAJAHMUNDRAM

1/4 Paste up to bottom along with line here

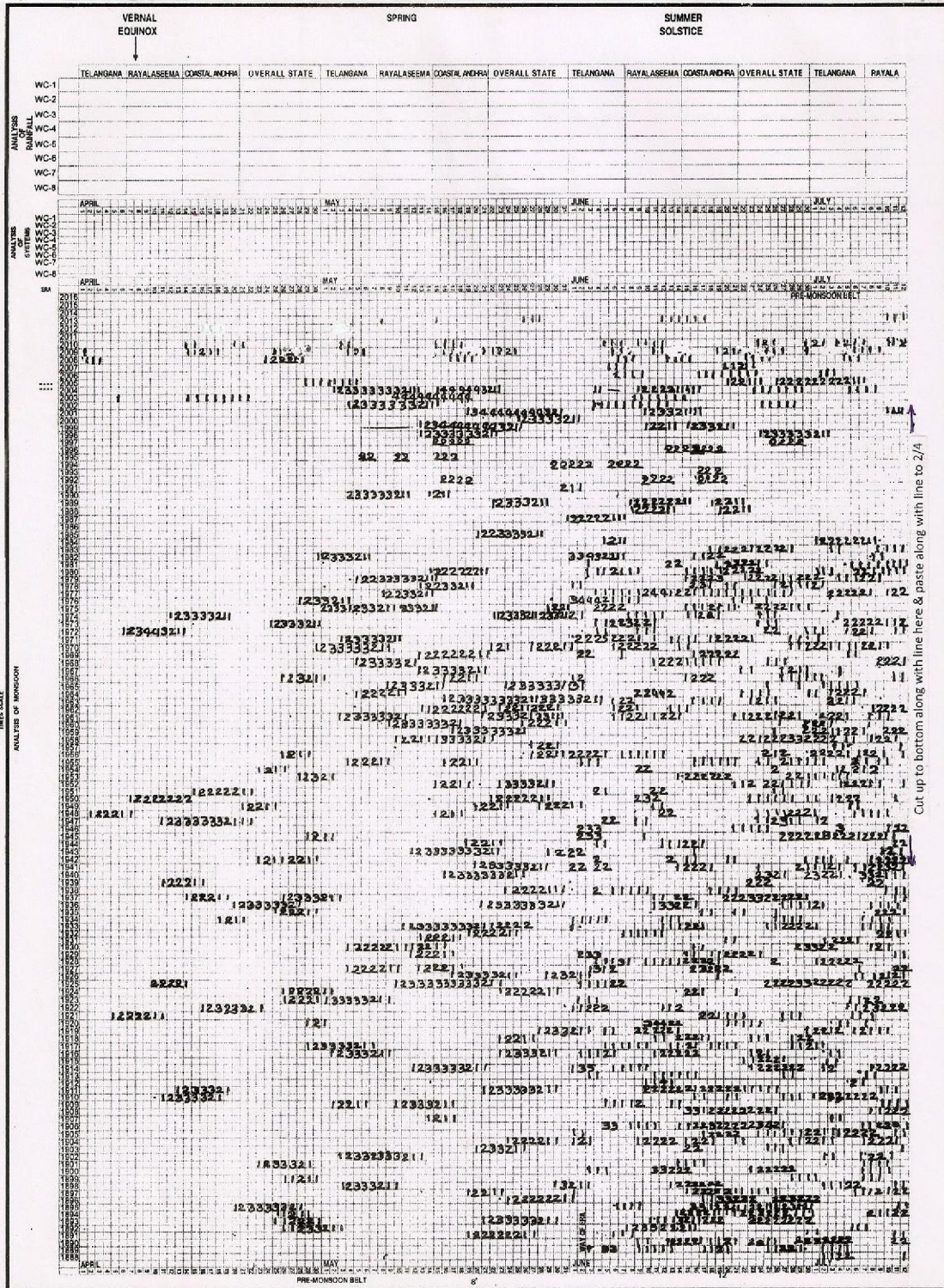
Cut up to bottom along with line here & paste along with line to 3/4

THE ITCZ SET FORTH OVER EQUATOR Trade Winds Converge at the ITCZ of i.e. a low pressure region at the equator The ITCZ Moves north wards over the Indian region The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh

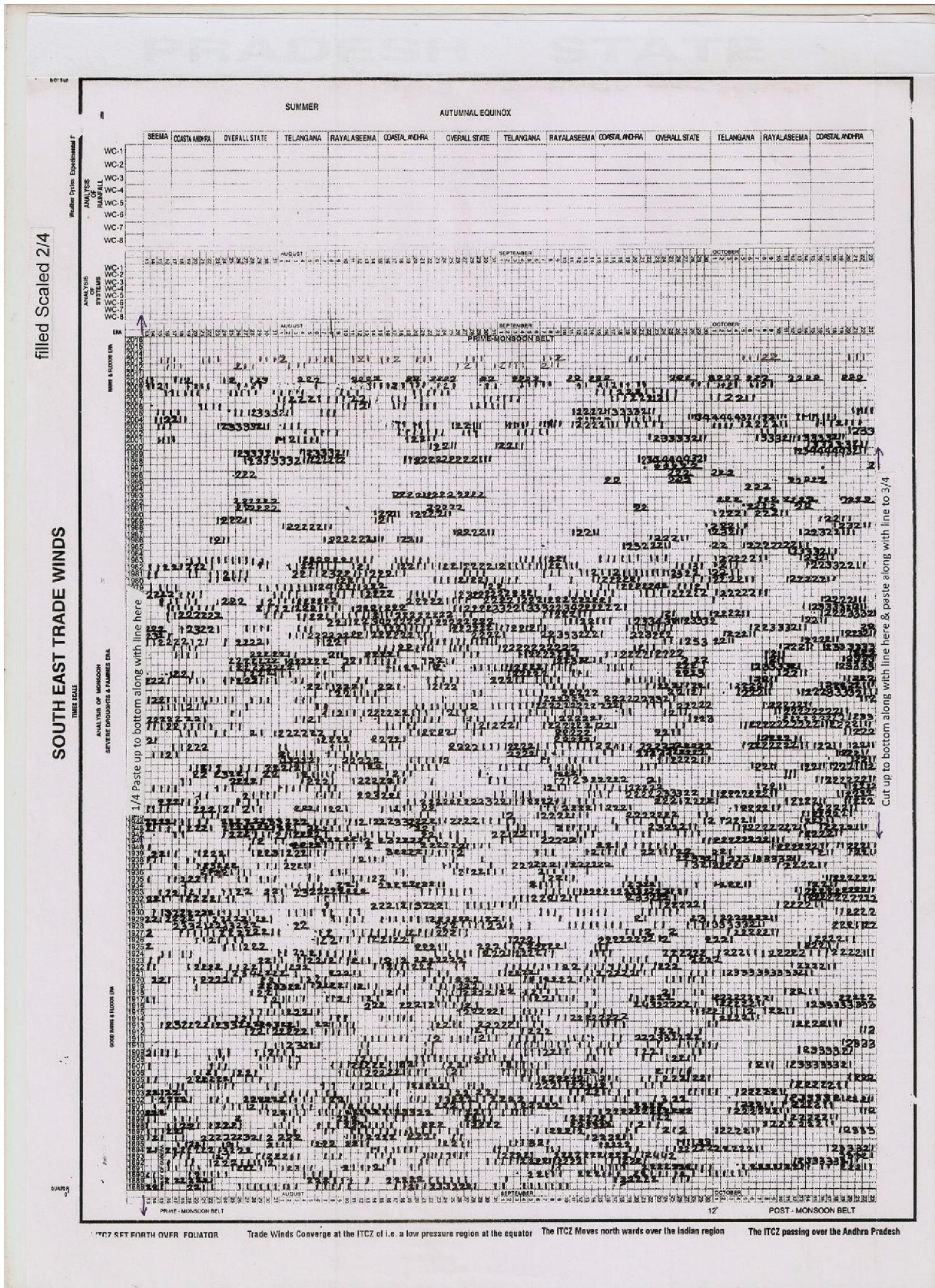


filled Scaled 1/4

SOUTH-EAST TRADE WINDS
THIS SCALE
ANALYSE OF MONSOON



THE ITCZ SET FORTH OVER EQUATOR Trade Winds Converge at the ITCZ of i.e. a low pressure region at the equator The ITCZ Moves north wards over the Indian region The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh



filled Scaled 2/4

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS

Weather Option: Explained T

ANALYSIS OF WINDS

ANALYSIS OF WINDS

ANALYSIS OF WINDS

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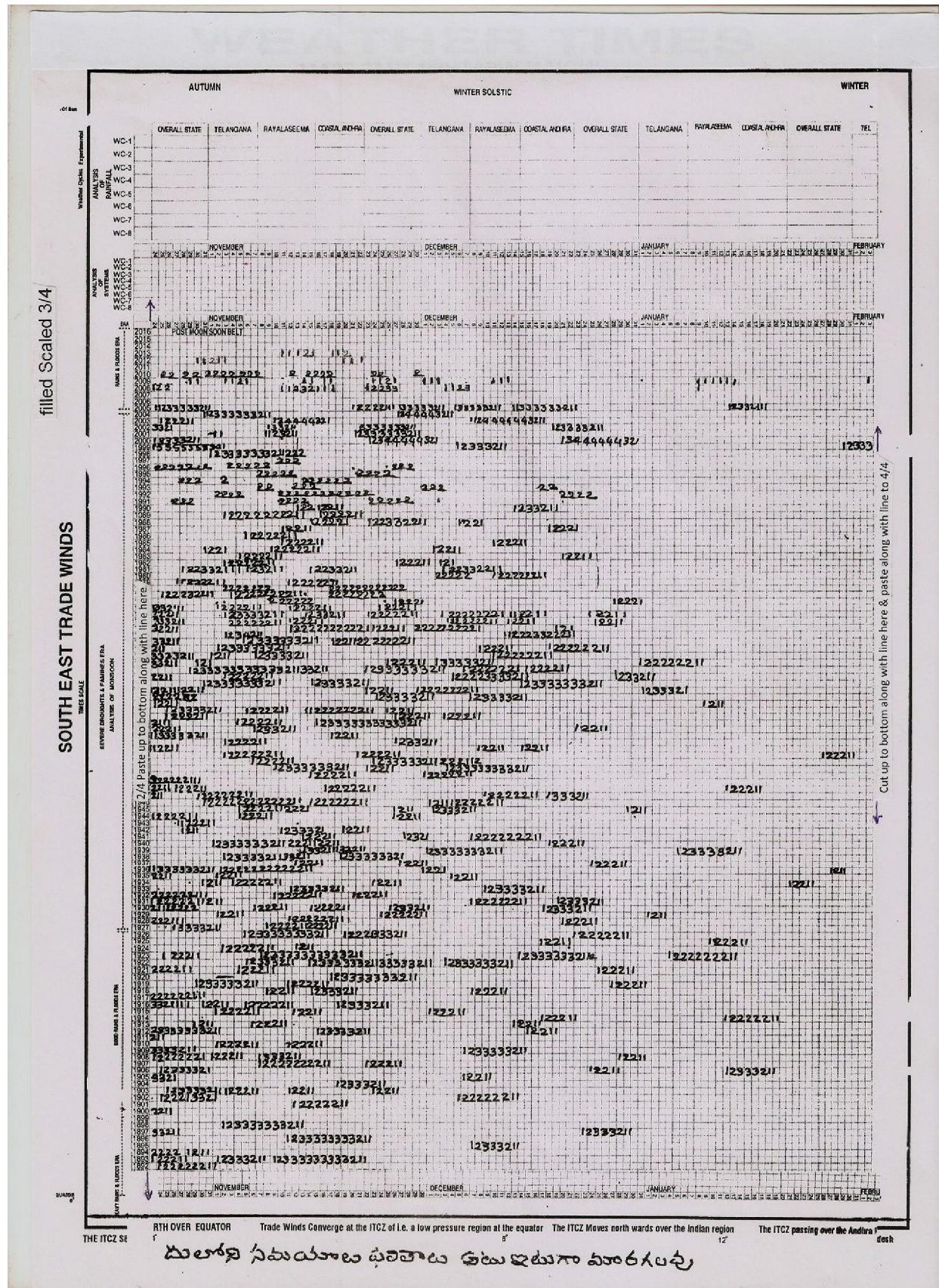
ANALYSIS OF WINDS

ANALYSIS OF WINDS

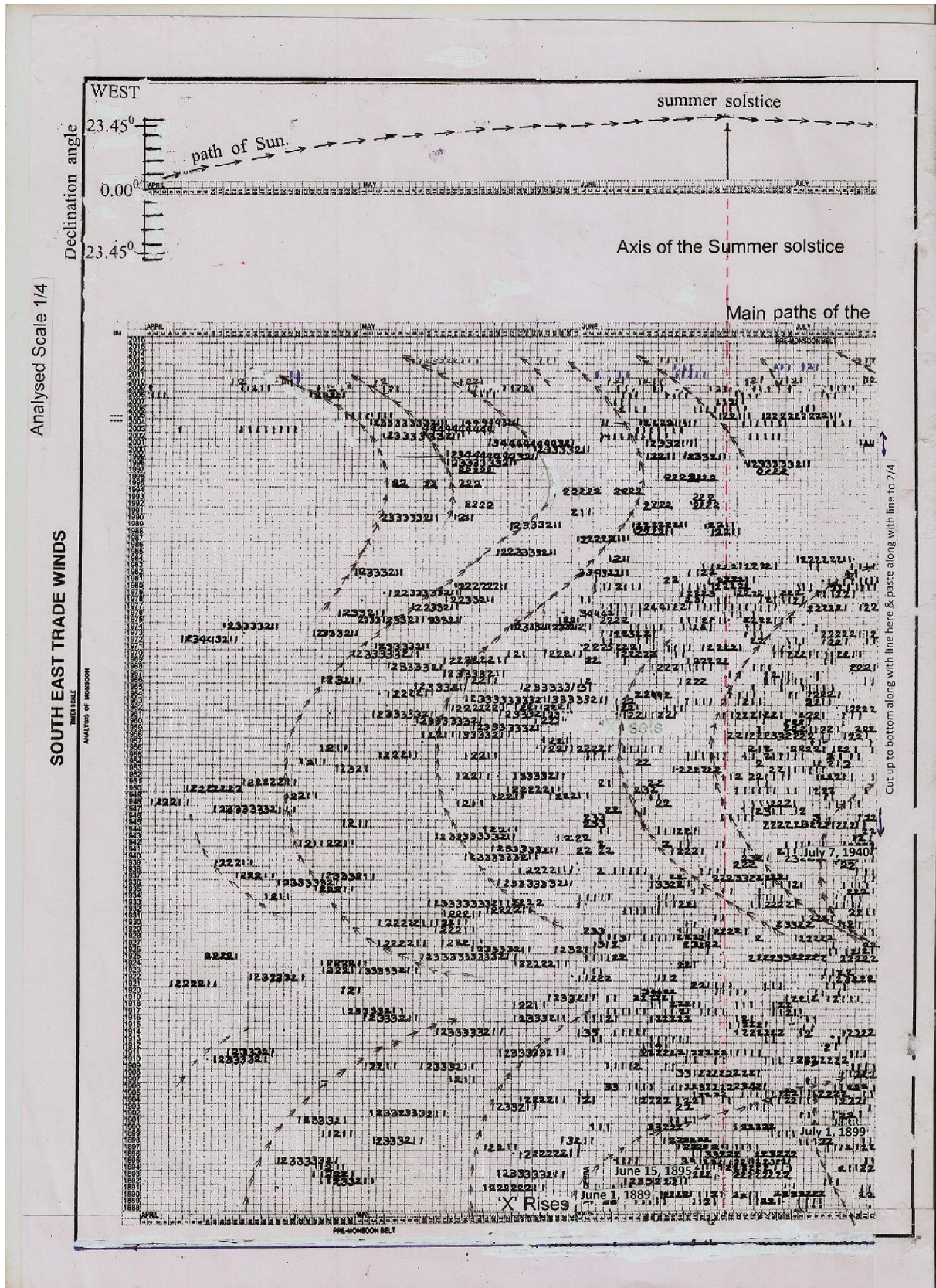
ANALYSIS OF WINDS

ANALYSIS OF WINDS

Trade Winds Converge at the ITCZ of i.e. a low pressure region at the equator The ITCZ Moves north wards over the Indian region The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh



మొలకల సమయాలు ధృవాలకు తరువాతగా మారగలవు

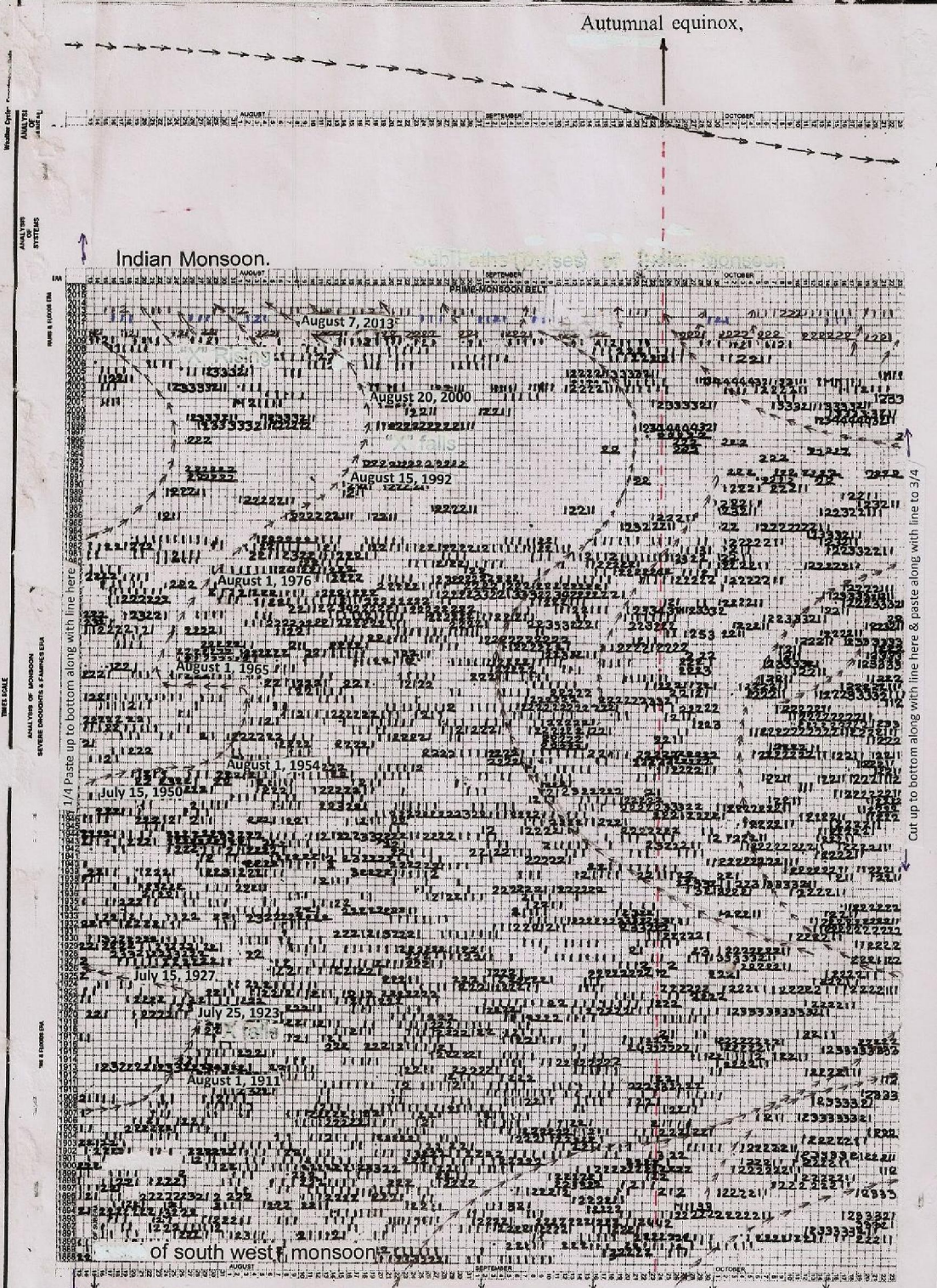


INDIAN MONSOON

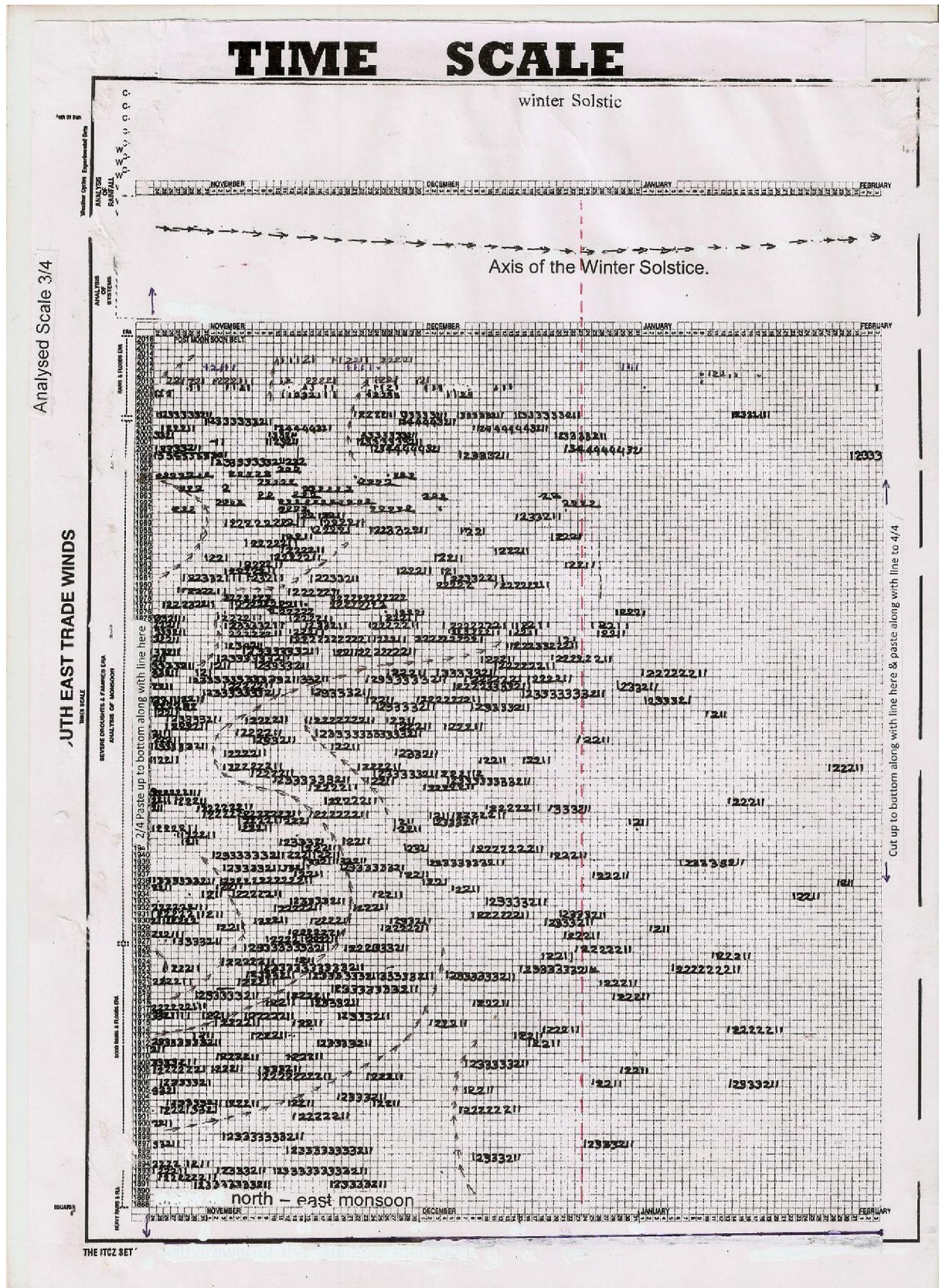
Autumnal equinox,

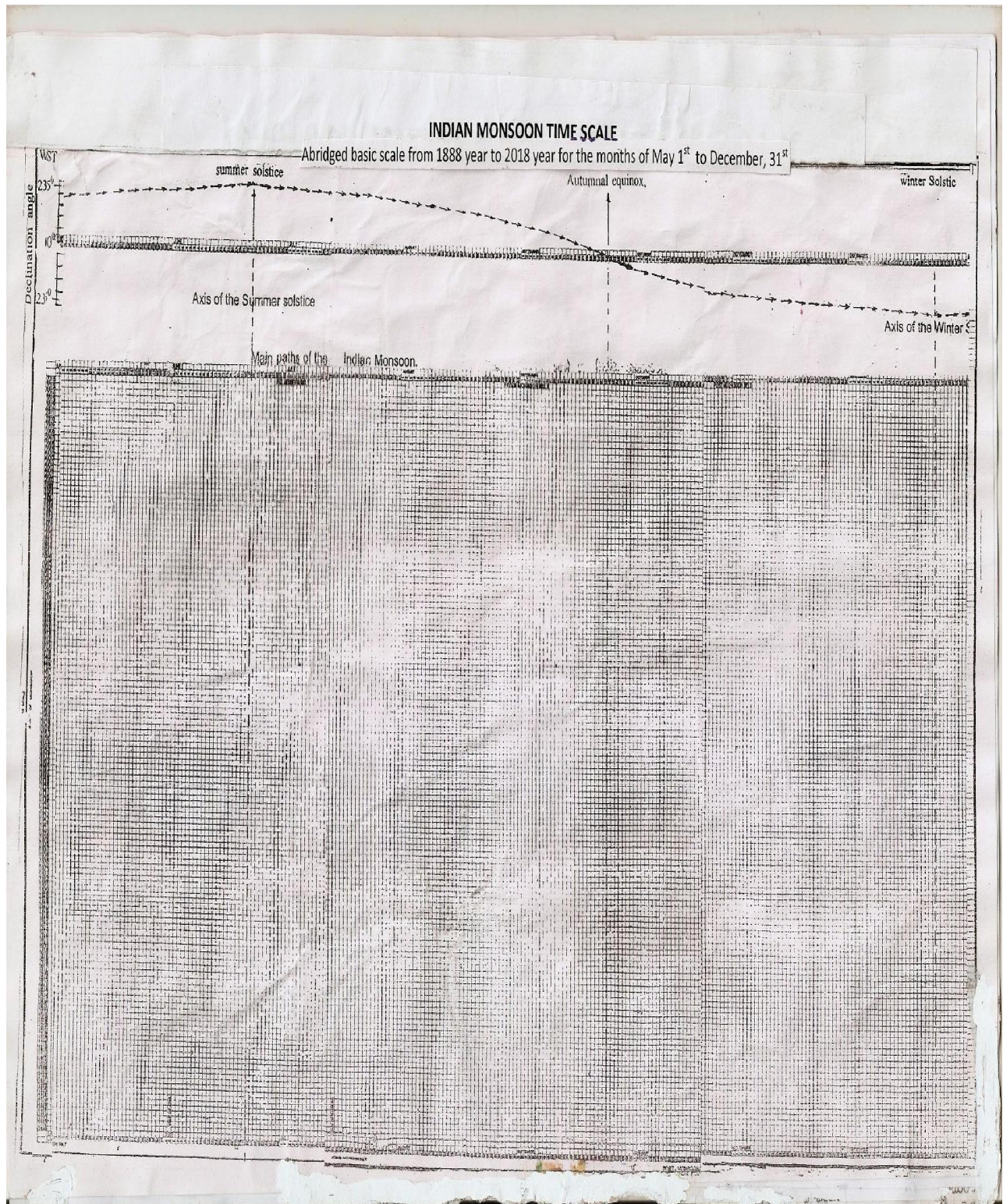
Analysed Scale 2/4

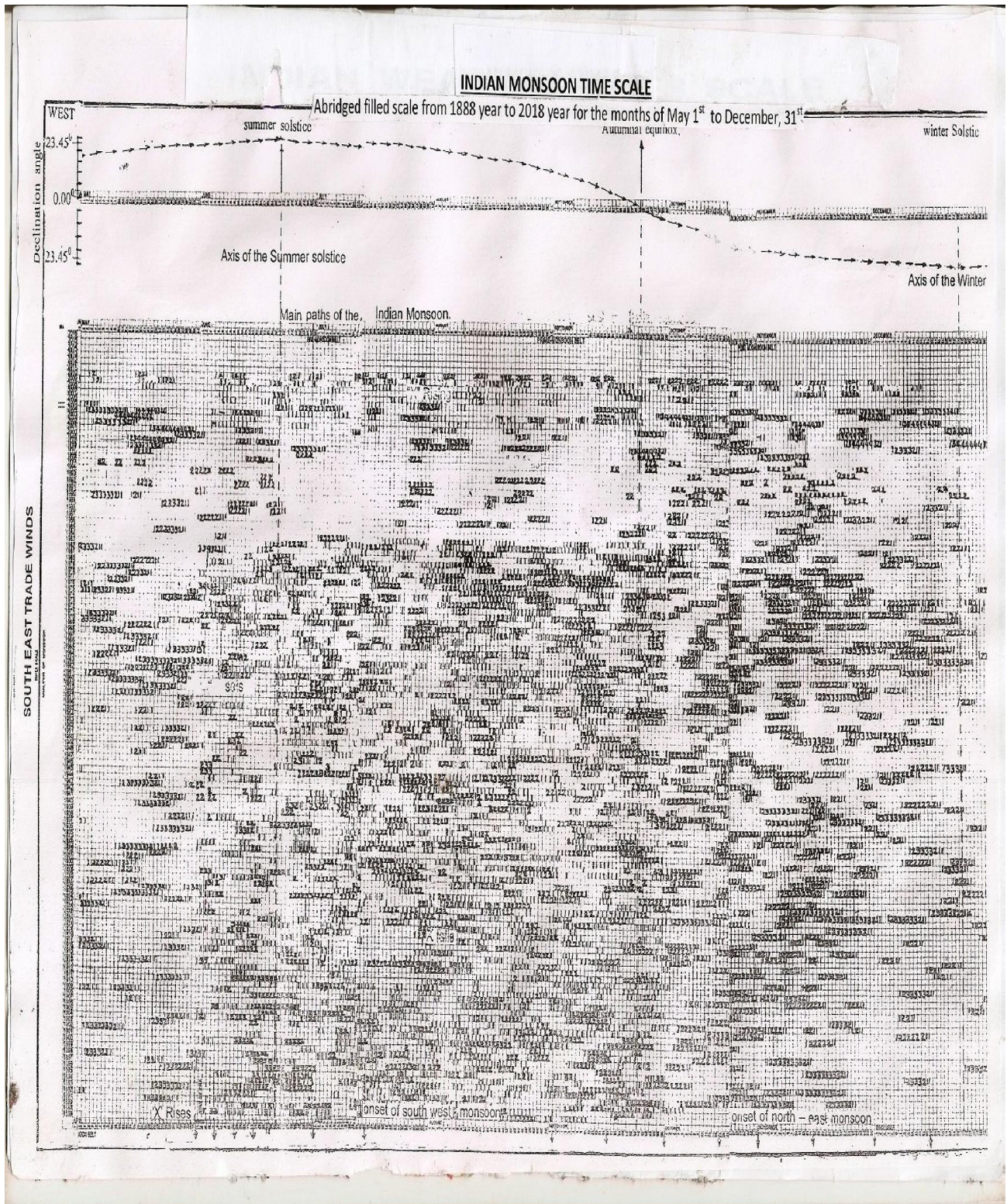
SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS

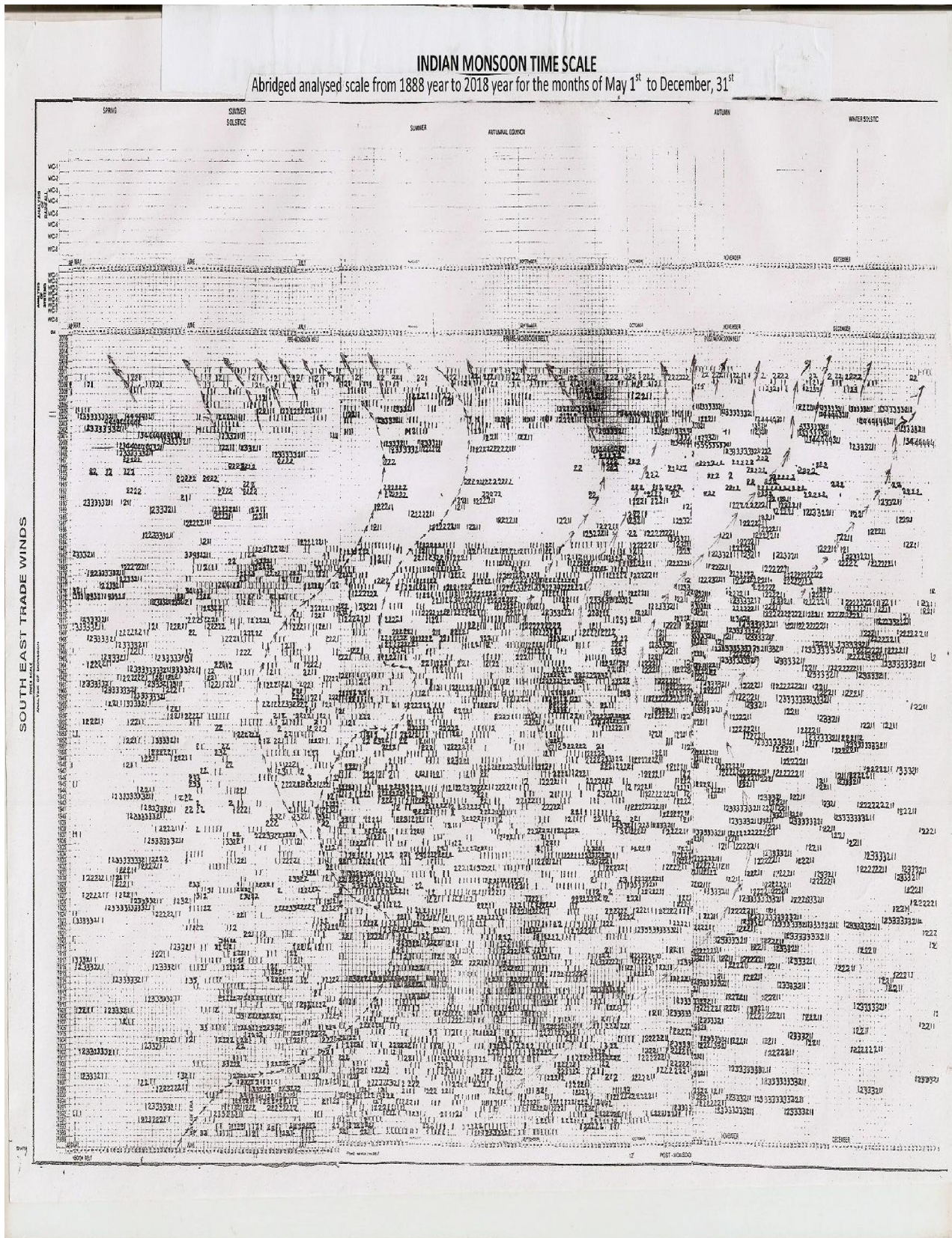


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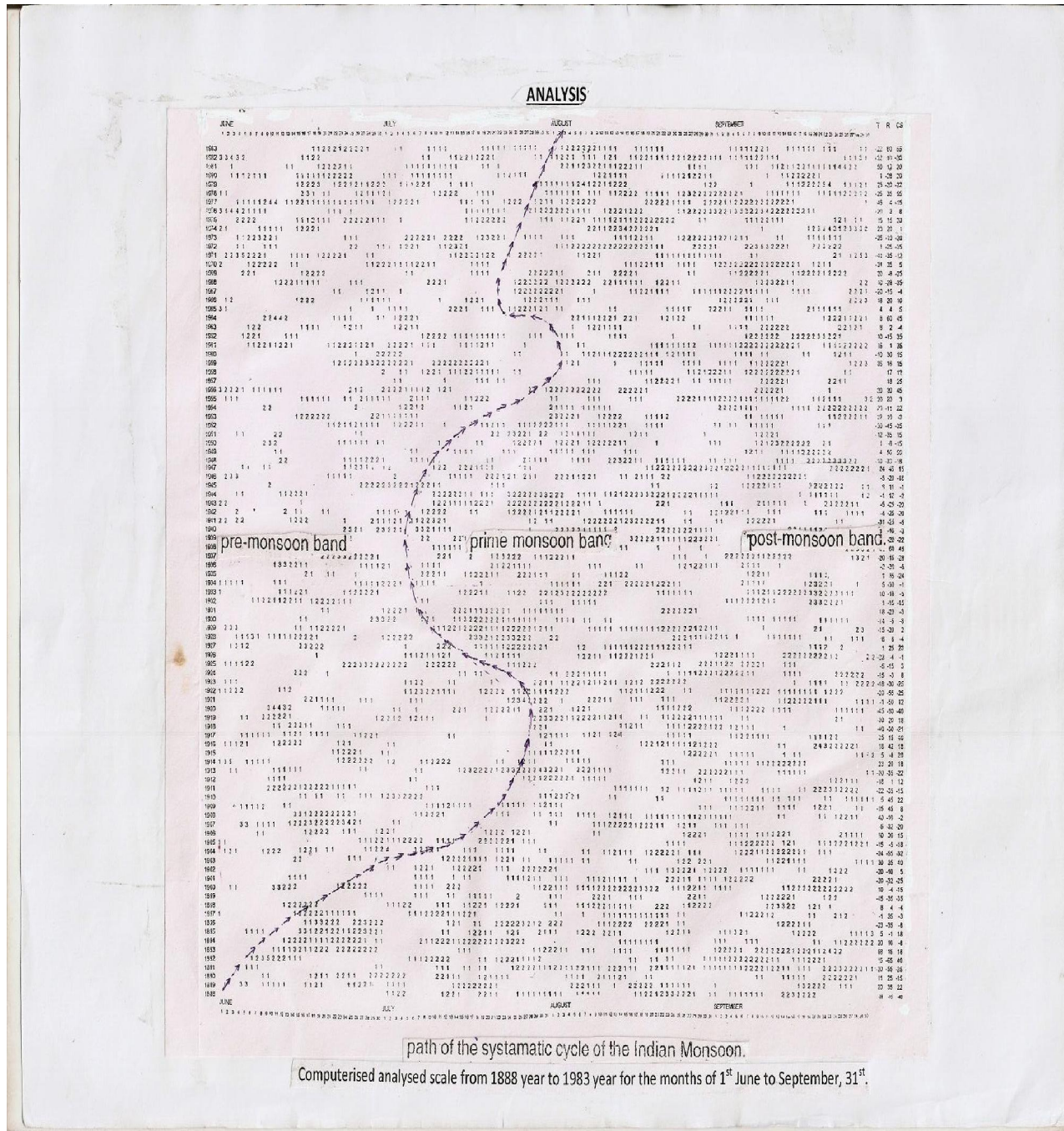
MAP OF THE INDIAN MONSOON

ANALYSIS
OF
Years
(1888-1983)

ANALYSIS
OF
Months
(JUN-SEP)

YEAR	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
1888	11222122221	11111111111	12222211111	1111111
1889	1122	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1890	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1891	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1892	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1893	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1894	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1895	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1896	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1897	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1898	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1899	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1900	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1901	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1902	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1903	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1904	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1905	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1906	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1907	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1908	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1909	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1910	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1911	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1912	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1913	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1914	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1915	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1916	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1917	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1918	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1919	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
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1930	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1931	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
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1971	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1972	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
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1974	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1975	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1976	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1977	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1978	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1979	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1980	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1981	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1982	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111
1983	112221	11111111111	1111111	1111111

Computerised basic scale from 1888 year to 1983 year for the months of 1st June to September, 31st



9/1/2016