

Leaf anatomy of *Pistacia atlantica* Desf.

Mehdeb D.* , Sahnoune M.* , Belkhodja M.** Et Adda A.*

*Laboratoire d'Agro-biotechnologie et de Nutrition en Zones Semi-Arides. Faculté des Sciences de la Nature et de la Vie. Université Ibn Khaldoun de Tiaret, Algérie

** Laboratoire d'Ecophysiologie Végétale. Faculté des Sciences Département de Biologie Université Es Senia d'Oran, Algérie

mehdebjamila@hotmail.com

Abstract: The genus *Pistacia*, known for its great plasticity, includes several Mediterranean xerophytes. It is known by the development of palisade tissue, a thick cuticle and deep root. The anatomical sections of the leaves show the specificities thus presenting a high variability between males and females of plants growing in Rechaiga, Tiaret, Algeria.

[Mehdeb D., Sahnoune M., Belkhodja M. Et Adda A.. **Leaf anatomy of *Pistacia atlantica* Desf.** *Rep Opinion* 2016;8(5):181-181]. ISSN 1553-9873 (print); ISSN 2375-7205 (online). <http://www.sciencepub.net/report>. 7. doi:[10.7537/marsroj08051607](https://doi.org/10.7537/marsroj08051607).

Keywords: *Pistacia atlantica* Desf., leaflet, anatomy, Tiaret

The genus *Pistacia* is subdivided into four sections namely: Lenticella Zoh., Eu-Lentiscus Zoh., Butmela Zoh. and Eu-Terebinthus; based on morphology. Some are used as ornamentals and some are valued as fruit trees. The genus *Pistacia* is represented in Algeria by four species, namely *Pistacia lentiscus*, *Pistacia terebinthus*, *Pistacia atlantica* and *Pistacia vera*. The true pistachio (*Pistacia vera*) and the pistachio of the atlas or bétoum (*Pistacia atlantica*) are characterized, from the ecological point of view, by a high tolerance to climatic variations, they can grow under very low amount of rainfall and put up with all soils.

5/25/2016